## CW7 factors effecting reaction rate (8)

From the below table match the observations (A-D) with the explanations in the below table (1-4).

| Observation | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| A |  |
| B |  |
| C |  |
| D |  |


| Observation | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| A. Reactions speed up when the reactants are <br> more concentrated | 1. More of the particles are exposed on the <br> surface and the surface particles must react <br> before the inner particles can |
| B. When temperature increases so does the <br> rate of reaction | 2. There are more particles in the same space <br> so more particles will collide and react |
| C. Catalysts cause reactions to get faster | 3. Lowering the activation energy (the energy <br> needed for a reaction to take place) increases <br> the rate of reaction. |
| D. The smaller the particle size, the greater the | The more energy particles have the more likely <br> they are to have enough energy to react. |
| reaction rate. |  |

You want to do an experiment to see make a berocca (effervescent tablet) dissolve as quickly as possible.

Name two factors you could change to increase the rate of the chemical reaction.
$1^{\text {st }}$ thing you could change $\qquad$ (3)

Explain in terms of the particles how this would increase the reaction rate:

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$2^{\text {nd }}$ thing you could change $\qquad$ (3)

Explain in terms of the particles how this would increase the reaction rate:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

What gas was produced in this chemical reaction? (3)
$\qquad$

When bread soda (solid) and vinegar (liquid) react, carbon dioxide (gas) is released. The graph below shows the volume of carbon dioxide released against time for 3 different experiments ( $A, B$, and $C$ ) between bread soda and vinegar.


At the start of the reaction, which case, $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, or C , showed the greatest rate of reaction?
Answer $\qquad$ (3)

Explanation (6)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
At the start of the reaction, which case, $A, B$, or $C$, showed the lowest rate of reaction?
Answer $\qquad$ (3)

Explanation (6)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
In which case, A, B, or C, was the least mass of bread soda used? Answer $\qquad$ (3)

Explanation (6)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

In an investigation to investigate the rate of reaction of a vitamin tablet dissolving with temperature you recorded the following data.

| Temperature <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reaction rate <br> $(1 / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |

Use the table to plot a graph of temperature on the $x$-axis and reaction rate on the $y$-axis. (12)


What conclusion could you draw from the graph?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
In this experiment what was the:
Cause variable (the thing you changed). Ans (3)

Effect variable (the thing you measured). Ans
Control variable (the things you kept the same). Ans

